# Health Care Preparedness Program Deliverable Quality Best Practices

A Guide for New York City Healthcare Preparedness Program Managers, Coalition Subrecipients and Contractors

New York City Department of Health & Mental Hygiene Office of Emergency Preparedness and Response Bureau of Healthcare and Community Readiness

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# About this guide

The New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH) is providing this guide to a broad audience of its own Program Managers and those healthcare or emergency management organizations participating in the <u>ASPR/HPP</u>. Some sections have direct applicability to DOHMH staff and others are applicable to all intended audiences.

Please direct questions about this guide to Darrin Pruitt at <u>dpruitt@health.nyc.gov</u>. For any links to resources found in this guide that do not work, report these to Darrin Pruitt at <u>dpruitt@health.nyc.gov</u> or ask your DOHMH Program Manager for assistance. To request any resource found in this guide as a Microsoft Word or editable PDF, please ask your DOHMH Program Manager.

# Welcome, Program Managers, Coalition Subrecipients<sup>i</sup> and Contractors<sup>ii</sup>!

Thank you for being an important part of developing preparedness, response and recovery capacity and capabilities as a subrecipient of the New York City Health Care Coalition (NYC HCC) or contractor with the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH). As stewards of federal funds provided by the Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response (<u>ASPR</u>) Healthcare Preparedness Program (<u>HPP</u>), DOHMH provides you this guide to support DOHMH program managers and you develop and submit quality deliverables and help DOHMH in its obligation to serve the preparedness, response and recovery needs of the NYCHCC and its member facilities and healthcare sectors.

Most of DOHMH's program investment of HPP funds is in contracts with subrecipients or contractors. Their deliverables (items submitted for payment) in contracts are essential to the overall impact of the HPP in NYC. These deliverables should be seen as mechanisms to support the <u>mission of DOHMH</u>, its <u>roles during</u> <u>emergencies</u>, and the bureau administering the HPP funds: the Bureau of Healthcare and Community Readiness (BHCR). BHCR's mission is:

To support the NYC healthcare system to respond safely and effectively in emergencies.

# Purpose of this document

Deliverables NYC HCC subrecipients or contractors develop to fulfill preparedness and response contracts support *capacity and capabilities development of healthcare sectors and facilities in the five boroughs of New York City*. All deliverables developed and submitted need to serve this higher purpose.

Deliverables must be of such quality that they can serve this purpose when delivered to Program Managers at DOHMH.

While DOHMH generally uses templates for deliverables are quick and easy to complete, we may also sometimes require drafts of documents as deliverables. Bear in mind this is not for the purpose of having DOHMH Program Managers edit documents for style, grammar or audience. Drafts allow Program Managers a chance to offer insights to improve content, updates on DOHMH's understanding of the intent of the deliverable or changes to its intended audience, and ensure deliverables meet the principles in the box to the right. This guide helps subrecipients and contractors develop and submit deliverables ready for use by NYC healthcare sectors and facilities.

#### The quality of deliverables

Deliverables you submit to the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene must be of such quality that they:

- Can support emergency preparedness, response and recovery capacity and capabilities development;
- Can do this for the healthcare sector(s) (and facilities in the sector(s)) for which they are intended;
- Can do this at the time you deliver them to program management staff at DOHMH.

This guide is not intended to be exhaustive as a model for quality deliverables. However, in developing this guide, DOHMH staff consulted existing literature and standards put forth by such organizations as the <u>DHS</u> <u>HSEEP</u> for exercise development and our own catalogue of plans and toolkits for best practices in developing several types of deliverables. **All readers of this guide should feel free to submit other standards or examples for consideration for addition to this guide.** This guide is not intended to be a set of rules but rather helpful tools to support subrecipients and contractors to develop and submit meaningful, high-quality deliverables.

For deliverables specific to program evaluation, please see "<u>A Guide to Evaluation for New York City Health</u> <u>Care Coalition Programs</u>" available from DOHMH Program Managers, Bureau of Healthcare and Community Readiness (BHCR).

## What's in this guide

This guide provides best practices for the following topics:

- Writing for the intended audience
- Avoiding jargon and using plain language
- Testing your deliverables with the intended audience
- Writing for impact
- Avoiding grammar and syntax errors
- Writing for posting to DOHMH's provider page
- Writing for publication

- Types of deliverables
- Co-hosting coalition meetings
- Standards and reference resources for each deliverable type
- Health Equity considerations for deliverables
- Roles and responsibilities for subrecipients and contractors and BHCR Program Managers
- Appendices

# Part 1. Writing well

# Writing for the intended audience

Given that deliverables may be reviewed by various levels of staff in DOHMH or other city organizations, used by members of the healthcare provider community or the public at large, a necessary first question when approaching the development of a deliverable is "who is the audience?" Subrecipients and contractors should confer with DOHMH Program Managers to answer the below questions. Contractors may also want specific language added to their contract scopes of work (SOW) to indicate exactly what DOHMH expects in deliverables.

### Questions to ask about the audience(s) for contract deliverables

- 1. Is this deliverable intended for one or multiple audiences? Who are these audiences?
- 2. Will leadership in the DOHMH or other organizations in NYC government be reading this deliverable or using this deliverable in their briefings or for forming other reports?
- 3. If the deliverable is intended for a specific audience or community, how can we make this deliverable useful for that community?
- 4. How would we tailor the language and format of this deliverable so it can be posted on various websites (e.g., <u>ASPR TRACIE</u>, <u>NYC Provider Page</u>)?

Resources for writing for an audience can be referenced <u>here</u>, <u>here</u>, and <u>here</u>.

## Avoiding jargon and using plain language

Further, in general it is a good idea to avoid jargon, no matter who the audience is, and opt to use plain language in all writing. Plain language writing includes avoiding big words, using the <u>active voice instead of</u> <u>the passive voice</u>, listing items in bullets, breaking up long paragraphs and sentences, and other practices to facilitate reading. Reference a checklist in the appendices <u>here</u> and other resources for this <u>here</u> and <u>here</u>. <u>This resource</u> shows before and after examples of applying plain language to specific kinds of documents. Lastly, New York City offers its own guide <u>here</u>.

### Testing deliverables with the intended audience before submitting them

DOHMH highly recommends providing deliverable document(s) to their intended users so they can give subrecipients and contractors an idea of the readability and utility of the document(s). When sending document(s) to intended users:

- provide them well prior to when the document(s) is due;
- provide a timeline for feedback;
- clearly state the intended use of the document(s);
- ask if the documents are useable as intended. For this, one may have to provide users with an emergency scenario so they have context for reviewing the utility of the document.
- ask if there are any issues with organization, sentence length or jargon that make the document hard to follow or use;
- ask what's missing? and
- ask if readers get the main point of the document.

### Writing for impact

DOHMH sets goals and reports on them for developing our programs. We also do this for those interested in the change or impact due to our efforts and our return on the considerable financial investment of HPP funds. For this reason, when deliverables call for evaluation of their impact, it is important that the reporting on this impact is clear.

Impact is the reportable, quantifiable, or potential difference that a program is making in people's lives. In reporting impact, Subrecipients and contractors should seek to report payoffs and benefits to NYC's healthcare system or the NYCHCC. These benefits may extend to just one healthcare sector (e.g., end stage renal disease providers). The focus is on the New Yorker's – not internal, organizational or personal – benefit. See <u>tips for impact writing</u>.

Subrecipients and contractors should ask themselves as they prepare deliverables (or wish to report on the change their work has made): "What difference will this make to the safety or positive health outcomes of users of the NYC healthcare system?" That difference is the heart of the deliverable Subrecipients and contractors are completing and should be easy to see by any reviewer of the deliverable or user of the deliverable, be they healthcare providers or New Yorkers themselves.

### Avoiding grammar and syntax errors

For documents and tools to be useful to their readers and users, subrecipients and contractors must invest time as authors in effective writing as stated above. Foundational to effective writing is writing that is grammatically correct and that flows logically. Basic grammar and spell check is built into most word processing applications such as MS Word. There are also helpful sources online for checking grammar, word choice and other helpful tips for avoiding syntax and semantic errors. Googling "writing correctly" will give subrecipients and contractors plenty of resources. Also, as encouraged above, having others read documents prior to submission is beneficial.

A compendium of resources for correct and effective writing including grammar and other writing standards is found <u>here</u>.

### Writing for posting to DOHMH's provider page

After having observed all of the above for effective writing, subrecipients and contractors may be asked to submit a deliverable for posting to <u>DOHMH's emergency preparedness provider page</u>. Items to be posted on this page require the following steps:

- 1. Webpage content must be submitted to the appropriate BHCR Program Manager
- 2. The following DOHMH personnel must review and approve the submitted content:
  - a. BCHR Program Manager
  - b. BCHR Executive Director and Assistant Commissioner
  - c. OEPR Deputy Commissioner
  - d. DOHMH Office of External Affairs and/or DOHMH executive leadership (Commission of Health or designee), as appropriate
- 3. Depending on the type of content submitted (e.g., plan template, outreach flyer, best practices guide), additional steps may be required, including contracting with a publication design vendor or marketing vendor to develop or format images, provide insight on engaging desired audiences, translate materials, etc.

### Writing a technical report

Several of DOHMH's deliverables entail writing a technical report of project findings or outcomes. These reports should include the following:

- Background: state the nature of the problem investigated or the purpose of the project. Explain the need for the project in terms of the pervasiveness of the problem or gap in the area of concern. For example, there may be a gap in preparedness your work or experience has brought forward in the area of infection control in long-term care. Your project is seeking to close that gap. This section is written in the present tense unless you explore literature on the topic. Those references to the literature are written in the past tense.
- Methods or project steps: state the steps your work took or the methods of your study/project that you conducted to accomplish your outcome. For example, you may have carried out a survey of infection control practices of nursing staff in long-term care facilities. Describe your survey (the number of items and how it was administered). Also describe what methods you used to analyze the data resulting from the survey. Write this in the past tense.
- Results: state the results you found in carrying out your project. Do not explain unless the reader could not clearly understand the result(s) without explaining it/them. For example, your survey may

have gone out to 50 facilities. How many of them (number and percent) answered? Your survey from above should also tell you about the people you surveyed. Describe them as your questions allowed: what number and percent were male? Female? Gender neutral? Report the result on the scales your questions used. What number and percent scored the item as 1? As 5? What number and percent agreed or disagreed? Write this section in the past tense.

- Limitations of the project: Here you will acknowledge that your project had flaws. All projects do. There isn't time and money enough to carry out a perfect project. If your project used a survey, and you were not able to follow up with respondents about their answers, then acknowledge this. If you relied on a convenience sample or a sample that was not as representative as you might like, add this as a limitation. In next steps (below), you can suggest how to fix any or all of the limitations in future work. Consider health equity questions your project design couldn't address or repercussions of its design on health equity. Write this section in the present tense.
- Discussion or implications of results: here you explain the outcome or interpret the results. This is
  perhaps the most crucial of all the sections. The recommendations you suggest here help shape the
  program and future work. Make the most of this section to highlight what you found and how it can
  be applied to the sector's emergency management effectiveness or need for more support. For
  example, you may find that more than half of nursing home facilities used a buddy system for
  infection control practices. You may want to suggest this a best practice that needs to be
  incorporated in all facilities through training and follow up.
- Next steps: in this section you should state what you think should happen next given what the
  project turned up. State these next steps in clear, simple bullets. Include who should do what, how
  and by when. Provide examples of how this might happen and what resources are needed. For
  example, if you suggest training for the buddy system above, clearly state who would develop and
  carry out the training, how (online or in person, or both), to whom and by when. Consider next
  steps for health equity always. Write this in the present or future tense.

You can also add sections for References, Acknowledgements and Appendices as appropriate. Other tips for writing technical reports can be found here:

Technical Report: What is it & How to Write it? (Steps & Structure Included) (bit.ai)

50 Professional Technical Report Examples (+Format Samples) ▷ (templatelab.com)

### Writing for publication

Among DOHMH's many tactics for supporting healthcare emergency preparedness, response and recovery is dissemination of best practices and/or findings of funded projects and studies of real-world application of those best practices. One way to disseminate these is to publish. Publishing can be done in trade publications (e.g., FDNY's *Watchline, <u>Emergency Management</u>*), to <u>ASPR TRACIE</u>, in peer-reviewed journals (e.g., <u>Disaster Medicine and Public Health Preparedness</u>), or to other journals and websites read by emergency managers and healthcare providers. Each place where Subrecipients and contractors might like to publish will have its own authoring guidelines one will be required to observe in the manuscript or tool submitted. In addition, DOHMH must approve Subrecipients' and contractors' publications prior to submission to the magazine, website or journal. This includes <u>DOHMH IRB review for protection of human</u> <u>subjects</u>. A DOHMH Program Manager will start the process. (Note: this process must start **before** any work

is done in the contract.) Subrecipients or contractors should discuss with DOHMH Program Managers what they intend and then submit a completed manuscript. Once ready, the Program Manager will submit the document to DOHMH's publication tracker and keep Subrecipients and contractors apprised of the status and any needed revisions. Once Subrecipients and contractors arrive at an approved version of the document, they can then submit it via the publisher's submission process, often found online.

# Part 2. Guidelines for specific deliverables

As stated above, deliverables you submit to the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene for the HPP must be of such quality that they:

- Can support emergency preparedness, response and recovery capacity and capabilities development;
- Can do this for the healthcare sector(s) (and facilities in the sector(s)) for which they are intended;

And

- Can do this at the time you deliver them to program management staff at DOHMH.

The table below provides you with examples of deliverables DOHMH has reviewed in the past and found to be good examples.

Deliverable type	Example or template
AAR	Access TRACIE and HSEEP
	HSEEP AAR Template
Call-down drills	Appendix 1 – <u>CHCANYS Call-down notification drill template</u>
Evaluation tool/survey	See DOHMH Evaluation Guide
Functional exercise	HPP funded exercises are required to be <u>NIMS</u> and <u>HSEEP</u> compliant, using
	HSEEP formatted documentation including ExPlan, AAR and IP.
Meeting reports	Appendix 2 – <u>Meeting Report</u>
Summary report template	See North HELP example
Tabletop exercise	HPP funded exercises are required to be <u>NIMS</u> and <u>HSEEP</u> compliant, using
	HSEEP formatted documentation including ExPlan, AAR and IP.
Technical Assistance logs	See <u>this example</u>
Toolkit or guidebook	See <u>CHCANYS TA example</u> , <u>Respiratory Protection example</u> or <u>The Long-term</u>
	Care Exercise Guidebook
Train-the-trainer toolkit or	Appendix 4 – <u>Train the Trainer Observation Form</u> .
training	

### Table 1. Examples of deliverables

### DOHMH deliverable templates

Completion of most deliverables by subrecipients and contractors can be supported by completing a template or form. The advantages of this for the Subrecipient or contractor are

- 1. templates simplify completing deliverables;
- 2. content or data DOHMH requires is clearly called out in the sections of the template or form;
- 3. often the contributors and processes for completing the template are spelled out in steps; and
- 4. reviewing completed templates facilitates quick review and approval of deliverables.

For DOHMH, use of templates helps ensure meeting certain HPP requirements through gathering particular content or data and can facilitate developing a big picture view of what the NYC HCC finds important (by reviewing trends in topics) and what the coalition has accomplished during the HPP budget period.

# Part 3. Hosting or Co-hosting NYC HCC meetings

Leadership of the NYC HCC happens in part through the development of content and hosting meetings of all coalition members to share best practices. The leads of the five Borough Coalitions serve as hosts of these meetings throughout the budget period. The below information is provided in order to support these leads of Borough Coalitions as they put together their meeting content and develop meeting logistics (invitations, event space, catering, etc.)

Starting in BP1 (July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025), the HPP in NYC will hold four meetings total in the grant year. These meetings are three "Coalition Meetings" and one Annual Emergency Management Conference. Leads of three Borough Coalitions will lead one of the three Coalition Meetings and leads of two others will co-host the all-day Annual Emergency Management Conference. Coalition Meetings will be approximately three hours in length and the Annual Emergency Management Conference will be six to seven hours. Those Borough Coalition leads responsible for hosting meetings should follow the guidelines below for preparing to co-host meetings and any follow up activities post-meeting. Best practices for presentations are also provided below.

Task	Timeframe	Guidance		
Register for the	Three to four weeks before	Meeting details and a registration link will be posted to the		
Coalition Meeting	the date of the Coalition	Events page of the NYCHCC website. DOHMH will send out		
	Meeting	a notification to NYCHCC members when meeting		
		registration is live.		
Send presenters'	Three weeks before the	Presenters must share with DOHMH their professional		
professional	date of the Coalition	information (i.e., name, title, affiliation) and the topic and		
information	Meeting	title (if possible) of their presentation.		
Send presentation draft	<b>Two weeks</b> before the date of the Coalition Meeting	Sector leads or presenters as appropriate should send this information: • To: <u>DOHMHCore@health.nyc.gov</u> • CC: DOHMH program manager Send draft presentation slide deck (MS PPT or Word format) to: • To: <u>DOHMHCore@health.nyc.gov</u> • CC: DOHMH program manager		
		DOHMH will review and provide edits and comments back to the submitter for consideration.		
Send final version of	One week before the date	Send final version of presentation slide deck (MS PPT or		
the presentation	of the Coalition Meeting	Word format) to:		
		<ul> <li>To: <u>DOHMHCore@health.nyc.gov</u></li> </ul>		
		CC: DOHMH program manager		

Table 2. NYC Health Care Coalition Meeting Guidance Timeline and Best Practices for Coalition Co-Hosts

Task	Timeframe	Guidance
		DOHMH will review and approve the presentation.
Attend a pre-meeting planning call	Approximately three to four business days before the date of the Coalition Meeting	DOHMH will schedule a pre-meeting planning call to review the event run-of-show and prepare presenters to use the conference presentation technology.
		All presenters should attend the pre-meeting planning call to confirm they can access and use all needed conference presentation technology, record contact information for the DOHMH event organizer and tech support and resolve any outstanding questions and issues.
Present during NYCHCC Meeting and answer any follow-up questions from audience	Day of Coalition Meeting	Presenters should be on location and ready to present roughly 30 minutes in advance of their scheduled presentation time. Any outstanding questions or follow- ups should be addressed after their presentation is over.

### Presentation Best Practices

- Limit the number of slides in your slide deck; a general guideline is to allocate ~2 minutes per slide
- Check for standard font name and size. It is recommended to use a minimum of font size 24.
- Make sure there is high contrast between text and background color on slides to make sure it easier to read.
- Consider using your institution's standard/approved slide deck template.
- Use pictures, charts, or other visual illustrations instead of text to convey concepts in your slide deck; a general guideline is to include no more than 5 lines of text on a slide.
- If videos that are part of your presentation, let DOHMH know in advance so arrangements can be made to ensure a seamless transition to video content during your presentation.

### Support from DOHMH's events coordinator

Westchester Meetings and Events (WME) can support meetings upon request, depending on budget. Services available:

- 1. Meeting registration via online link
- 2. Reminders for registration
- 3. Enrollment lists/rosters
- 4. Line meeting (technical assistance only)
  - a. hand off to facilitator,
  - b. ensuring participants all in the meeting,
  - c. meeting attendance (taking during meeting)
  - d. break out room administration,
  - e. audience participation activities (polling)

- f. evaluation
- g. participation rate (end of event participant list)
- h. recording, transcribing and archiving session recordings for later review/sharing
- i. video editing, if needed
- 5. In-person meeting support
  - a. catering selection and contracting
  - b. venue selection/coordination/contracting
  - c. name badge creation/printing
  - d. onsite meeting management
  - e. AV coordination

Steps required to enlist WME's assistance and follow up post-meeting:

- 1. Contribute to the coalition meeting calendar by adding on potential events on the days and at the times projected for them;
- 2. Be sure WME (<u>info@nychealthcarecoalition.com</u>) has a copy of this calendar, <u>and provide timely</u> notification on any changes to the event schedule and registration process;
- 3. 1 to 2 months ahead of the meeting date, send WME an email with:
  - a. The name of the event
  - b. Date and time
  - c. Whether online or in-person
  - d. Predicted number of participants
  - e. Names and emails of desired participants or coordinators from agencies sending invitations to the event
  - f. Language about the event that WME can post to the <u>coalition website</u>;
  - g. <u>Details about event registration needs and/or links to and instructions for event registration</u> that can be included in the event posting on the website
- 4. Follow up with WME on reviewing the website once it has been drafted;
- 5. Coordinate with WME on when you send the save the date and event registration link.
- 6. Follow up with WME on post-meeting activities like:
  - a. sharing the archive of meeting materials,
  - b. evaluations,
  - c. audience poll results

# Part 4. Health Equity considerations for deliverables

The City of New York is committed to advancing racial equity, and DOHMH specifically is dedicated to promoting health equity to achieve fair health outcomes for all New Yorkers. OEPR for Equity developed a tool to help program developers and managers ensure the principles of racial and social justice are included in their programs. BHCR staff should consider utilizing this tool as a resource for their projects. Subrecipients and vendors with contracts managed by DOHMH/BHCR staff should consult with their program manager on incorporating racial equity and social justice into their contract deliverables. You may also consult the <u>New York City Race to Justice web site</u>.

Please contact the <u>O4E coordinator</u>, Tala Mansi, if you have any questions on the tool and its implementation.

# Part 5. Deliverable review tool for product quality

The below scoring tool (Table 3) has been formalized into Subrecipient and contractor scopes of work. Subrecipient or contractors are instructed to use this assessment tool prior to submitting their deliverables to program managers if not using a template (e.g., an after action report for an exercise). Program managers are to use this tool to assess the quality of all written work that Subrecipients or contractors submit when deliverables do not have a DOHMH-provided template.

### Table 3. Deliverables review tool for deliverables prior to submission

# Deliverable quality self-assessment

Deliverable	Ratings			Comments	
Reviewer	-				
Date	_				
	1	2	3	4	
Assessment questions	Needs 0 changes	Needs 1 - 3 changes	Needs 4 - 5 changes	Needs >5 changes	Checkmarks in columns 2 - 4 indicate the document needs revision.
<ul> <li>Suitability for intended audience:</li> <li>Is the intended audience clear?</li> <li>Does the level of detail match the audience?</li> <li>Does the tone match the audience?</li> </ul>					Have members of the intended audience "tested" the deliverable and provided input?
<ul> <li>Suitability for intended use:</li> <li>Is the deliverable's length and format appropriate for its intended use?</li> <li>If intended to do so, could the deliverable be used for planning or during response as is?</li> </ul>					Has the subrecipient asked an intended user of their document/tool to see if it works as intended?
<ul> <li>Suitability for publication (print or web). Is/does the deliverable:</li> <li>free of inappropriate repetition?</li> <li>factually consistent throughout?</li> <li>consistent in tone and voice?</li> <li>free of grammatical errors?</li> <li>free of computational errors?</li> <li>developed from original writing (not cut and paste from other sources)?</li> <li>properly attribute sources of information in</li> </ul>					Ask yourself if you would present this document or tool as it is currently written to a prospective journal or conference.

# Part 6. Subject matter expert review of deliverables.

At times program managers will receive deliverables from subrecipients containing content on subjects about which the program manager is not expert. Program managers should reach out to DOHMH resident subject matter experts (SMEs) to get their input into the soundness of what the subrecipient has delivered. Program managers should:

- review the list of OEPR or other staff below who may be able to review content.
- reach out to the SME to arrange a review. Work with the SME's schedule and anticipate that they will have work on-going.
- Ask the SME in an email for a review of the following and, once their availability is known, specify a timeframe. Ask:
  - Does this content conform to or vary from what you know about this subject (or the current planning around this subject)?
  - What changes need to be made to make the content conform to what you know (or to the planning currently being done) about the subject?

### Table 4. Subject matter experts in DOHMH who may be able to review content in deliverables.

Subject area	Subject matter expert in DOHMH or elsewhere	Bureau	
Alternate Care Sites	Pending	BHCR	
CBRNE: Biological	Kobria Karim	BAPR	
CBRNE: Chemical	Caroline Nguyen, Maureen Little	BAPR	
CBRNE: Radiation or nuclear	Mark Maiello	BAPR	
CBRNE: Burn or explosive	Pending		
Continuity planning	Mia Crowley	BAPR	
Evaluation, testing	Darrin Pruitt	BHCR	
Exercise planning, conduct and evaluation Emergency preparedness training	Jade Smart, Al Villacara	BHCR	
Federal Medical Resources	Pending	BHCR	
ICS/HICS	Pending	BHCR	
Hazard Vulnerability Assessment	Mustafa Ali	BHCR	
Hospital Operations	Pending	BHCR	
Infectious disease outbreaks and operations	Mary Foote, Nang Kyaw	BHCR	
Long-term care	Pending	BHCR	

Subject area	Subject matter expert in DOHMH or elsewhere	Bureau
Medical/clinical	Mary Foote, Christine Chen	BHCR
Medical Surge	Pending	BHCR
Military Medical Resources	Pending	BHCR
Planning	Cory Pardo	BAPR
Recovery planning	Pending	
Survey and data gathering and analysis	Darrin Pruitt	BHCR
Training design, development and evaluation Train-the-trainer	Darrin Pruitt	BHCR

# Part 7. Roles and responsibilities

### Program Managers

**Role:** serve as the representative of DOHMH and ensure meeting DOHMH's obligation to the NYC Healthcare Coalition, ASPR HPP requirements, BHCR strategic goals and sector strategic goals. Ensure principles of racial equity and social justice are considered in program and activity development and execution.

Task	Checklist
Use tools to provide context to	Use a quick sheet of sector impacts accomplished, impact level goals for
work the contractor or	the next 3 to 5 years and impacts intended with new scopes of work. (See
subrecipient will do in the	Appendix 5.)
budget period.	
	□ Use <u>PESTEL scanning</u> at meetings with the subrecipient(s) you interact
	with, becoming more aware of forces affecting the sector(s) and their
	planning, response and recovery efforts.
	□ Articulate the impact you are trying to have through your contract and
	non-contract work with the sector(s) of the healthcare system addressed in
	your scope(s) of work and the patients/residents it serves. Communicate
	the vision to subrecipients and contractors.
Work closely with your	□ Set up meetings to review the deliverable template and what contractors
subrecipients or contactors on	or subrecipients intend to do.
developing their projects, using	
DOHMH's project proposal	□ Work closely with contractors or subrecipients to complete the DOHMH
template.	template for their deliverable projects. This may entail meeting more than
	once to get all the details correct.
Incorporate your goals or	Write a deliverable as if it were the desired outcome.
outcomes into your	
	For example: a deliverable might read "Develop, conduct and evaluate a
	full-scale exercise." As an outcome that indicates desired impact it would be

Task	Checklist
subrecipients' or contractors'	written this way: "15 long term care facilities will have the ability to
deliverable project proposals.	develop, conduct and evaluate a full-scale exercise."
Invite the BHCR evaluation lead	□ Include evaluation lead in your invitation (Teams or Outlook) and include
to initial meetings with your	evaluation in the meeting agenda.
subrecipients and contractors.	
	$\Box$ Inform the subrecipient or contractor that the evaluation lead is
	attending the meeting.
Schedule and attend regular	□ Establish regular meetings and schedule them with all parties needing to
progress check-in meetings	attend. You may schedule them monthly, bi-weekly or weekly, depending
with subrecipients and	on the pace needs of your projects.
contractors.	
	$\Box$ Use <u>Appendix 3</u> as a standard agenda (table form) for these meetings or
	this file has more options.
Attend regular progress check-	□ Accept meetings as scheduled.
in meetings with supervisor and	$\square$ Dropping for the mosting by accompling any desymptotics participants
evaluation lead.	□ Prepare for the meeting by assembling any documentation pertaining to
	HPP requirements, performance measures or DOHMH evaluation projects
Undata subvasiniante and	underway.
Update subrecipients and	Send messages to subrecipients ahead of their December and June due
contractors and supervisors on the current status of	dates. Likewise for contractors send messages ahead of their due dates.
deliverables that are due	Relate to the subrecipient or contractor if their deliverables are due or
and/or have been submitted.	past due as well as the review status of deliverables they have submitted.
and of have been submitted.	past due as well as the review status of deliverables they have submitted.
Review and approve	□ Ensure submission of the deliverable by the due date by communicating
deliverables.	in check-in meetings about it.
	□ First review: use the self-assessment of deliverables prior to submission
	in Table 3 above for deliverables if not using DOHMH's template.
	□ Pass the document(s) on to SMEs (see list above) as needed for further
	comment and feedback.
	□ Send the deliverable back to the vendor with comments for
	improvement, or communicate to the subrecipient or contractor that the
	deliverable is approved.
	$\square$ If not approved state to the subracipiant or contractor the changes that
	□ If not approved, state to the subrecipient or contractor the changes that are required to make the deliverable eligible for approval.
Review vouchers and invoices	Check vouchers for correct completion, including correct budget period,
submitted by the subrecipient	correct number (numbering should be in sequence submitted), correct
or contractor.	completion of the vouchered amount and completion of all columns on the
	voucher.
	□ Sign the voucher and upload it <u>here</u> .
Upload approved deliverable	Use this <u>Salesforce guide</u> . (DOHMH Program Managers only)
documents to SalesForce.	

Task	Checklist
	See <u>Appendix below</u> on how to find contracts in Salesforce.
	This may be done by a person with a SalesForce license if the program
	manager does not have a license.
Create a tracking sheet in Excel	□ Follow the example found <u>here</u> . (DOHMH Program Managers only)
and monitor spenddown of	
funds.	
Complete program closeout	Address requests for data, deliverables, reports etc. from evaluation lead
reporting	and supervisor.
Discuss strategies for the	□ Obtain input from subrecipients or contractors on the next set of efforts
upcoming budget period	that they should work on. ( <i>Remind subrecipients and contractors that future work depends on continued funding and this is not guaranteed</i> .)
	work depends on continued junding and this is not guardiffeed.)
	Complete a quick sheet ( <u>see Appendix 5</u> ) in early spring in order to direct
	the development of the HPP work plan and scopes of work for the
	upcoming budget period.
Upload approved deliverable	Determine where you and your supervisor have agreed deliverables
documents to shared drive or	should be stored.
SharePort	
	□ Create a folder in that location.
	□ Store deliverables there.
Complete required training	□ PM Support Program training near the beginning of the budget period.
	Federal Grant Funding Awareness and Requirements in HealthNet as
	requested by GMA.

### Deliverable Owner

Often DOHMH Program Managers do not oversee an entire scope of work but only review and document activities for a particular deliverable or set of deliverables in a scope of work. In this case, follow the table above for Program Managers overseeing the entire scope of work and work closely with the Program Manager during the scope development and deliverable review phases.

### Subrecipients and contractors

**Role:** Represent healthcare sectors in NYC, provide subject matter expertise or technical assistance to DOHMH in its mission to support increasing or maintaining capacity and capability among NYC's healthcare sectors to prepare for, respond to and recover from emergencies. Ensure principles of racial equity and social justice are considered in project development and execution.

- 1. **Carry out activities to complete deliverables** designed to support increasing or maintaining capacity and capability among NYC's healthcare sectors to prepare for, respond to and recover from emergencies.
- 2. Adhere to standards set forth in scopes of work for the quality of work required to carry out the above.
- 3. **Meet with DOHMH Program Managers** weekly or biweekly to provide program updates by following this agenda for those meetings:

- a. Introductions (as needed)
- b. Deliverable updates
- c. Challenges with meeting due dates
- d. Other logistical or content issues affecting the program (e.g., real world events causing a change in the SOW, numbers of facilities enrolled vs the target number, etc.)
- e. Current invoicing and related issues
- f. Status of any deliverables slated for DOHMH program evaluation or supporting HPP requirements, including data collection and anecdotal updates on progress.
- g. Upcoming events
- h. See <u>Appendix 3</u> for a table to provide DOHMH Program Managers for program management update meetings. Complete this and send it to Program Managers ahead of meetings.
- 4. **Review and follow evaluation guidelines** for evaluation type deliverables (e.g., evaluation forms, pre- and post-tests).
- 5. **Discuss strategies for the upcoming budget period** and plan ahead for deliverables in the scope of work you may potentially develop (depending on availability of funding). Assist DOHMH Program Managers in completing a quick sheet (see Appendix 5.) in order to help them envision next steps for the program and plan for potential future funding.

### Program evaluation staff

**Role:** serve as lead in developing the evaluation plan, methods and tools to ensure the impact of BHCR's programs is clearly articulated for reporting and future planning, and yearly required reporting to ASPR HPP is completed fully and on time.

- 1. Develop and maintain an evaluation plan for BHCR's programs. This may include targeting specific deliverables or sets of deliverables for evaluation and/or monitoring them or other deliverables in order to complete HPP requirements for the budget period.
- 2. Alert all Program Managers if there are deliverables in their contracts supporting program evaluation or HPP requirements.
- 3. **Review all scopes of work goal statements.** These statements can be incorporated into each deliverable. They should describe clearly what the healthcare system or particular sector (e.g., long term care) will have or the change the system will experience.
- 4. Support development of needs assessments for new sectors joining the NYC HCC or help sectors reassess needs when important events (e.g., COVID-19 response) have occurred.
- 5. Assist Program Managers in developing quick sheets for their sector that include a brief overview of sector impacts already accomplished, impact level goals for the sector over the next 3 to 5 years and the impact intended by current budget period scopes of work. A quick sheet (see Appendix 5.) should be completed by Program Managers in early spring of each year prior to developing the new work plan for HPP and scopes of service for the upcoming budget period.
- 6. Develop impact statements from work completed by subrecipients and contractors via their scopes of work or design a deliverable (DAD) deliverables yearly in order to complete the HPP/BHCR annual report.
- 7. Create opportunities for feedback from BHCR Program Managers on evaluation methods and incorporate this feedback in a continuous cycle to streamline processes and increase accuracy and timeliness of measurement and reporting.
- 8. Assist Program Managers with adhering to best practices for evaluation by reviewing all data gathering tools including surveys, pre- and post-tests and EEGs and other exercise evaluation tools. Evaluation staff need at least one week's notice in order to carry out a thorough review.

### Responsibility assignment (MOCHA) and Project management

In addition to the overall division of project responsibilities, you and your supervisor may also develop a MOCHA (a matrix for assigning roles and tasks to projects) with the cooperation of various staff in BHCR, OEPR and DOHMH. MOCHA stands for Manager, Owner, Consulted, Helper and Approver. Please see <u>this folder</u> (for DOHMH Program Managers only) for a complete description of the framework, examples and actual MOCHA documents for real, on-going projects. Those outside of DOMHM, may use <u>this website from the Management</u> <u>Center</u>. MOCHAs go a long way to clarify the direction and responsibilities of managing projects. However, you may also add a project timeline, mapping out scheduling of interactions and clarifying coordination. This and other important project management considerations is laid out in a <u>project charter</u>.

Note: there are other responsibility assignment matrices besides MOCHA you may wish to employ. They include <u>RACI</u>, <u>RASCI</u>, <u>DACI</u>, and <u>others</u>.

# APPENDICES

# Appendix 1. Call-down drill notification sample template

	Community Health Care Association of New York State (CHCANYS)						
	After Action Report / Improvement Plan						
In	Incident Name       Call Down Notification Drill #1         Date       October 29, 2020       Focus Area    Notification and Communication						
Required	Activities						
Action Items	<ul> <li>(CHCANYS), plan and of federally-qualified heal contact per FQHC netwamong NYC-based FQHO</li> <li>Determine and share members prior to condo</li> <li>Include at least one (1) i</li> <li>Compile and share aggression</li> </ul>	conduct two (2) th centers (FQHC vork to increase in Cs and CHCANYS. drill parameters uct of the drill. nteractive compose egate results with	call down notifi s) (N=44) incluc response rates a and general ti nent/activity in all participants				
Goals	Goals       Validate and update membership contact list with correct contact information for all NYC-based FQHC networks         Increase response rates and improve communications among NYC-based FQHCs         Introduce new instant notification platform - VEOCI         Receive at least one (1) response per FQHC network						
Overview							
Overview	<ul> <li>notification drill with Budget Period 2 - Jul</li> <li>The ongoing COVID-: the drill, since the dr effort on behalf of F0</li> <li>On October 29, 2020 contacts on file for N to provide additiona Influenza tests via ar about specific test pl</li> </ul>	a an interactive co y 2020- June 2021 19 pandemic prese ill scenario asked QHCs to provide so ), at approximately IYC-based FQHCs o I information whe interactive comp latform used for b	mponent (one o .). ented a challeng for real-life infor uch information. y 10:30 AM CHC using its VEOCI p ther they perfor onent, i.e. a min oth COVID-19 ar	are platform <u>VEOCI</u> to conduct a f two such drills planned in ge and an opportunity to conduct rmation, but imposed additional ANYS issued a notification to all platform asking NYC-based FQHCs med on-site COVID-19 and hi survey (including information and Influenza testing). h all contacts on file and 2)			

	<ul> <li>receive at least one response to the survey per FQHC network.</li> <li>CHCANYS was responsible for monitoring the results of the drill and sharing them with NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DOHMH), who was the requestor agency of this information.</li> </ul>
	• VEOCI notification process was launched on October 29, 2020 at 10:27 AM and completed at 1:40 PM (EST). The notification included a voice phone call, an email message and a SMS text message. Contacts may have received all three, or just one type of messaging, depending on their contact information currently on file. Once the user acknowledged the notification, the other methods of delivery would stop. The notification message itself asked users to click on the link to the online survey where they needed to provide requested information about COVID-19 and influenza testing.
	FQHCs received the following messaging:
	• Phone Message: "This is a CHCANYS Notification Drill for NYC. Please check your email for a link to fill out information about your flu vaccination capabilities. Do you understand this message?"
	• Email Message: "Please Click the link below to fill out information about your Flu Vaccination Capabilities - https://veoci.com/v/p/form/8qjrvmv9j4va."
	<ul> <li>Text Message: "This is a CHCANYS Notification Drill for NYC. Please check your email or click the link below to fill out information about your flu vaccination capabilities. Do you understand this message? https://veoci.com/v/p/form/8qjrvmv9j4va."</li> </ul>
	• The notification group consisted of a total of 179 contacts, representing all NYC-based FQHCs (N=44) with at least one (1) contact available per each unique network.
Results	<ul> <li>Please note that for the purposes of this report the following definitions are used:</li> <li>UNKNOWN – VEOCI used the listed contact and it did not bounce back. However, it is unclear whether the contact interacted with the system.</li> <li>OPENED – the contact received and opened a message, either by text or email.</li> <li>REPLIED – the contact received, opened and replied to the request for information in the message.</li> </ul>
	NOTIFICATIONS:
	Total number of contacts included in notification was N=179, representing all 44 NYC- based FQHC networks.
	<ul> <li>Notifications sent to contacts successfully, status "UNKNOWN" – n=139 (78 %)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Notifications sent to contacts successfully, and receipt confirmed as both "OPENED" and "REPLIED" - n=40 (22 %)</li> </ul>
	SURVEY RESPONSES RECEIVED:
	Total number of FQHC networks in the drill (N=44):
	<ul> <li>Unique FQHC networks submitting at least one (1) survey response - n=38 (86 %)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>FQHC networks who did not submit a survey response - n=6 (14 %)</li> </ul>

	Refer to <b>Attachment 1</b> – <i>CHCANYS Notification 1 – Flu Capacity Survey Results</i> for additional detailed information.
	Received data was compiled and provided to NYC DOHMH as requested initially via an online dashboard, and the final compilation of data was shared via email.
Gaps and Opportunities for Improvement	<ul> <li>VEOCI platform is new to CHCANYS and CHCANYS team has not had a chance to fully configure it and understand all the features available. We expect that as we are familiarized with the platform, the process of notifications and collecting important information will be a smoother process.</li> <li>Because the drill consisted of two components, i.e. the notification itself and the online survey, contacts may have been confused about confirming the notification, choosing instead to fill out and submit the online survey only.</li> <li>It is unclear how to see any emails that bounced due to incorrect email addresses on file.</li> </ul>
Corrective Actions	<ul> <li>Discuss any additional reporting features with VEOCI team on tracking "bad" contact information within the platform.</li> <li>Continue improving CHCANYS' list for FQHC emergency contacts to ensure there are at least three (3) contacts per unique FQHC network.</li> <li>Include the findings in the overall CHCANYS after-action report for COVID-19 when it is compiled.</li> <li>Review the list of the health centers who did not provide a response. Contact these health centers to engage them in available activities to improve communication and participation rate.</li> <li>Repeat call down notification drill at least twice annually.</li> </ul>
	For questions, Harold Jorge please contact hiorge@chcanys.org

### Appendix 2. Meeting report template

### Purpose:

• The purpose of this meeting/conference is to.....

### **Objectives/Goals**

- By the end of this meeting/conference, we will have:
  - Enter goal or outcome text
  - o Add bulleted goal or outcome text as needed

### MEETING/ CONFERENCE NOTES

- I. Meeting/Conference Goals and Outcomes
  - 1. Enter goal 1 text: Placeholder text
    - a. Enter activities/action item and/or plan of action
      - Enter bulleted text as needed
        - Enter bulleted text as needed
  - 2. Enter goal 2 text: Placeholder text
    - a. Enter activities/action item and/or plan of action
    - Enter bulleted text as needed
      - Enter bulleted text as needed
  - 3. Enter goal 3 text: Placeholder text
    - a. Enter activities/action item and/or plan of action
      - Placeholder text
      - Add bulleted text as needed

### II. Enter concerns/challenges and describe with bullets:

- a. List and describe the concerns, challenges, and provide recommendations to OEPR
- Placeholder text
- Placeholder text
- Add bulleted text as needed

### III. Next Steps

- a. <u>Enter information for next steps-</u>Reference section 2 above.
  - Placeholder text
  - Add bulleted text as needed

# Appendix 3. Agenda example (table format) for meetings with DOHMH Program Managers

Program/ contract	<u>DOHMH</u> <u>PM</u>	Deliverable	<u>Status</u> (draft, with DOHMH, etc.)	Challenges	Programs impacted by deliverable
ТА	Darrin	All Hazard TA EM session	17 requests to be scheduled	N/A	ТА
Hazard Specific Training: BP1	Darrin	BP1 2.D.2.b Final Behavioral Health training materials	IMS to submit revised final pending Mental Health input	N/A	Hazard Specific Training

### Appendix 4. Train the Trainer Observation Form.

Many Subrecipients and contractors will offer to design and conduct train-the-trainer training for our programs. Of value, given the small budgets BHCR has, is the economy of scale train-the-trainer training can provide. The idea is "train a few to train many." However, while the program content Subrecipients and contractors develop may do a good job at providing training on emergency management topics, their content often does not provide trainees with the training development and delivery knowledge and skills they need *to become trainers themselves*. This is the ultimate goal of the train-the-trainer approach. BHCR Program Managers should review Subrecipients and contractors' train-the-trainer materials and have the education SME on staff in BHCR review the materials **before** agreeing to let the vendor go ahead with their deliverable.

In reviewing materials, BHCR Program Managers should look for written evidence of:

- 1. Application of adult learning principles: Are there statements relating the material to the trainee's job or role in their organization or facility? Are there statements of the value the trainee will take away (new knowledge or skills they will acquire)?
- 2. Highlighting common mistakes trainees and workers make with the content or the tasks being trained.
- 3. Solutions to common mistakes and effective ways to train or retrain on the point, content or task.
- 4. Suggestions (or tricks) to remember content, such as <u>mnemonic devices</u> or <u>meta-cognitive approaches</u> to learning and problem-solving that trainers can impart to trainees.

Further, BHCR Program Managers can use the Train-the-Trainer observation form found here for reviewing a live demonstration by the vendor of their train-the-trainer sessions. This should help BHCR Program Managers discern if the training will turn out competent trainers of the content.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Comments
Relating training content to trainees' roles or jobs					
Trainer states clearly the importance of the training.					
Trainer states clearly the tasks trainees will be able to					
do after the training.					
Trainer states how this will support the trainees'					
current roles or jobs.					
Before demonstrating how to do a task, trainer relates					
the topic to the job or provides practical applications.					
Effectiveness of approaches to prepare trainees to train	-				
Trainees take a test of their knowledge and skills prior					
to training.					
Trainer provides objectives that are clear.					
Trainer asks for questions from the trainees.					
Trainer's questions are open ended, not yes/no.					
Trainer provides step-by-step directions for each topic					
or task.					
Trainer promotes participation from all trainees.					
Trainer provides a chance for trainess to perform tasks					
during the session.					
Trainee performance during demonstrations					
Trainer provides general instructional methods for					
training content.					
Trainer provides methods for assessing performance					
of trainees who will receive training from the session's					
future trainers.					

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Comments
Trainer points out difficulties trainees might					
encounter with specific content.					
Trainer provides instructional methods to help with					
difficult content.					
The content and demonstrations of the training match					
the stated training objectives and tasks trainees will					
be able to perform after the training.					
Trainees take a test of their knowledge and skills after					
the training.					
Trainer/training leader preparation			•		
Trainer gives enough time for the content of the					
lessons/modules.					
Trainer responds to questions from trainees.					
Qulaity of trainer responses to questions when he or					
she does not immediately know the answer					
Quality of the visual aids					
Quality of the handouts					
Quality of the equipment or supplies used in					
demonstrations					

Appendix 5. Program Quick Sheet Example.

### **NEW YORK CITY HEALTHCARE COALITION: Networks**

Optional graphic here

What has this sector accomplished so far toward being prepared?

- Bullet 1
- Bullet 2
- Bullet 3

What impact does this program intend to have over the next 3-5 years?

#### The NYC Healthcare System will have...

- 1. a trained and experienced work force, able to call on developed capacity in the healthcare system;
- 2. clear and timely situational awareness
  - a. via a situational awareness platform integrated into daily use and adopted by NYCHCC member facilities and their staff;
  - b. through access to timely, accurate information necessary to plan for emergencies;
- 3. robust and planned resources for mutual aid; and
- 4. efficient and coordinated response through coalition communications and processes.

### How will we know we've made these impacts?

DOHMH will

- 1. verify that training plans are based on HVA or other assessment and networks follow their training plans and document training took place;
- 2. review evidence that networks participated in developing a situational awareness platform(s) and planning assumptions are shared in formal meetings (e.g., leadership council, exercise planning);
- 3. monitor progress of work group meetings and review deliverables (e.g., resource catalog) supporting sharing of resources; and
- 4. promote planning, exercising and the development of tools that address the risks and hazards identified by the coalition.

How will the current scope of work support the above long range impacts?

Contract deliverables, listed below, will support long range impact.

- 1. Healthcare network staff will attend NYCHCC Leadership Council (LC) meetings in order to increase knowledge and integration of best or promising practices.
- 2. Healthcare network staff participate in workshops and other discussions to develop or maintain operational knowledge and skills in emergency management, specific to the NYC region.
- 3. Facilitate efficient communications between planning partners and coalition members in day to day preparedness activities and emergency responses.
- 4. Improve planning assumptions and response coordination throughout the coalition.
- 5. Assess and continue to improve surge capacity and capability throughout the coalition.
- 6. Develop or maintain operational knowledge and skills for the coalition member to enable a coordinated response throughout the coalition.
- 7. Develop a situational awareness system for data and communications to enable a coordinated response throughout the coalition.
- 8. Develop or maintain operational planning for the management of fatalities for the coalition member to enable a coordinated response throughout the coalition.
- 9. Operationalize best practices, plans, protocols and tools to enable a coordinated response throughout the coalition.

Other work outside the current scope of work will also support long range impact.

- 1. Example
- 2. Example

### How will we know the activities of the current scope of work were effective?

The healthcare coalitions and evaluation units of BHSR will:

- 1. Track attendance and respond to salient remarks for improvement found in evaluation reports.
- 2. Provide follow up reports and track action items that develop from workshops and discussions.
- 3. Changes to communications planning evidenced in design your own deliverables as available.
- 4. Record changes and other impacts found in coalition presentations of best/promising practices.
- 5. Track sending and receiving surge capacity numbers during the annual Surge Ex.
- 6. Review reports of coalition and borough engagement for evidence of change or improvement of planning assumptions.
- 7. Report on the progress of implementing a situational awareness application through formal reports and/or AARs from exercises in which the communications platform was incorporated.
- 8. Report on the status of new or revised mass fatality management plans for networks.

## Appendix 6: DOHMH Roles in Emergencies

- Identify diseases and potential risk levels of certain populations
- Provide guidance to the healthcare community regarding disease identification and treatment
- Provide emergency information to the public
- Distribute medication to the public
- Provide safety information to the public and emergency workers regarding potential hazards in different environments
- Coordinate mental health needs and services
- Provide staff for emergency evacuation centers or hurricane shelters

# Appendix 7: Communications and Plain Language Checklist

☐ Know your audience and write for them.	□ Include simple titles and headings for tables and
	figures.
□ Aim to write at a sixth grade reading level.	
□ Write in an active voice.	Avoid jargon by using common words.
	□ Keep acronyms to a minimum and spell out on
□ Put the most important information first.	first mention.
□ Be concise: Use short words, sentences and	Use people-first language.
paragraphs.	
Use headings, bullet points and lists to break up	Be explicit about racism and inequity in communications.
blocks of text.	

### Appendix 8: Finding Contracts in Salesforce

To find contracts in Salesforce:

- go to Budget Lines, click on the down arrow on "Recently viewed"
- choose your budget period (e.g., HPP FY23\_BP5),
- click on the budget line (e.g., FY23 BP5 HPP 33),
- scroll down and click on the "Contract ID" of your current contract (eg C-00543), and
- scroll down to "Contract Deliverables."

## Appendix 9: Glossary of terms

Term	Definition
Accruals	These are funds accumulated from not having spent them for either personnel services (PS) or other
	than personnel services (OTPS) budgets. (See Carry over.)
ASPR	(Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response) is the organization leading public health
	and healthcare preparedness, response and recovery at the federal level. The Hospital
	Preparedness Program (HPP) falls under the direction of this organization.
Budget period (BP)	The time frame of July 1 in one year to June 30 in the next and the same term of most all contracts
	the fiscal agent has with subrecipients and contractors. Each of ASPR's HPP project periods has five
	years. Each year of the five-year project period is a budget period (BP). For example, in the project
	period of July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2024, BP3 is July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.
Carry over	These are funds not spent from other than personnel services (OTPS) budgets and that can be
	redirected for spending in similar budget lines or for similar purposes (deliverables) as they were
	originally meant to reimburse. Using these funds is enabled by a Carry Over Request, made at
	regular intervals during the budget period by the OEPR Bureau of Grants Management and
	Administration with support from PMs. A carry over request is used for rolling funds over to a new
	budget period within the same project period or period of performance (usually 5 years).
Contract	A document encompassing the complete language describing the relationship of the subrecipient or
	contractor to the fiscal agent or DOHMH (whom the fiscal agent represents). The contract also
	includes all appendices, including the Scope of Work and vouchering form as well as signatures of
	the parties to the contract.
Contractor	A contractor supports efforts made by the New York City Health Care Coalition and is funded by the
	HPP. An example is a contractor engaged to design, conduct and evaluate an exercise. A contractor
0.0.5	is not a member of the NYC HCC.
CRF	(Contract Request Form) The form required to be completed and submitted with any SOW for
	review by the fiscal agent (PHS). It serves as a top sheet, noting the contract and addenda history,
	the amount of the current contract and contact information of responsible parties engaged to carry
	out the SOW portion of the contract.
Deliverable	A deliverable is the activities and evidence of completing these activities (required documentation)
Deliverable	listed in a SOW.
	The actions and efforts needed to support one or more deliverables in a contract from design to execution and approval of the deliverable. A person overseeing a deliverable in a contract over
management	which they are not the Program Manager is doing deliverable management. (See Program
	management.)
Evaluation	The efforts made to assess the processes, outcomes and impacts of a program or a deliverable.
Evaluation	Evaluation allows Program Managers and others to tell a story of "how," "why," "to what outcome,"
	etc. from having a subrecipient or contractor complete a program or deliverable. (See Evaluation
	Guide.)
Extension	This is the time requested by a subrecipient or contractor to complete a deliverable beyond the last
	day of the performance period in a contract. No extensions can be granted after June 1, in any
	budget period.
Fiscal agent	The agency engaged to the recipient of the ASPR or other award, most often engaged to avoid
0	delays DOHMH might expect by being the direct recipient. The fiscal agent manages the review and
	execution of all contracts under any particular award and processes payment (cuts checks) for the
	subrecipient or contractor completing deliverables. An example of a fiscal agent is Public Health
	Solutions.
Health Care Coalition	(Also called NYC HCC). A formal organization of healthcare networks, facilities, sectors and partners
	focused on emergency preparedness, response and recovery in NYC. Members assemble together
	to advise on planning and response strategy and tactics to increase capacity and capability in NYC to
	prepare for, respond to and recover from events and disasters affecting the delivery of healthcare.
HPP	(Hospital Preparedness Program, locally known in NYC as the "Healthcare Preparedness Program").
	This program provides the project oversight, administration and evaluation of programs in the NYC
	HCC made possible with HPP funding.

Term	Definition
HPP requirement	These are one or more actions or documents NYC DOHMH is required to submit to or hold for review by ASPR. An example is the Coalition Surge Test (CST) documentation, completed by acute care members of the NYC HCC in fulfilment of an annually required exercise of surge and evacuation capability. Some requirements, like the CST, are HCC benchmarks, meaning their completion is mandatory to prevent forfeiture of funding.
HSEEP	(Homeland Security Exercises and Evaluation Program). HSEEP provides a set of guiding principles for exercise and evaluation programs, as well as a common approach to exercise program management, design and development, conduct, evaluation, and improvement planning. Emergency preparedness exercises funded by the HPP are required to follow HSEEP.
Invoice	The form or letter to be obtained from the subrecipient or contractor for the deliverables completed and requiring payment. The invoice should be on a subrecipient's or contractor's letterhead and note the deliverable(s) by number and name for which payment is due. The invoice must be submitted along with the completed voucher (see Voucher) as one document.
Outcome	The resulting state or ability coming from the completion of a deliverable or set of deliverables. Example 1: After completing the workshops, participants will be able to use exercise development tools. Example 2: Twenty staff received training.
Output	The resulting tool, object or document from having completed a deliverable or set of deliverables. Example: A 10-page toolkit for exercise development, conduct and evaluation.
No Cost Extension	(NCE). This is an extension of time but not money to complete deliverables. This is granted by HPP to DOHMH when appropriate. The extension is formally (usually) for 12 months. After this time is up, any unspent funds are returned to the US Treasury. DOHMH usually asks for completion of deliverables by December of the budget period, giving the grantee of the NCE approximately six months to complete the deliverable(s). NCEs are requested before the <b>end of a project period</b> or period of performance.
Program management (PM)	The leadership actions and efforts needed to support one or more programs (often in the form of contracts) from design to execution and approval of the deliverables in contracts. A person overseeing a program (contract) builds relationships with subrecipients and contractors, basing that relationship on the mission of the program, and oversees the quality and approval of deliverables submitted by the subrecipient or contractor. Program Managers also, and most importantly, communicate with subrecipients and contractors about their deliverables and ongoing role in support of the NYC HCC.
Salesforce	This is a web-based customer relationship management (CRM) application used by DOHMH and Public Health Solutions to log deliverables approved for vouchering.
Scope of Work (SOW)	The portion of the contract providing background information, assumptions of responsibility and deliverable quality and a table of deliverables with required documentation, due date and reimbursable dollar amounts for subrecipients and contractors who are parties to the contract.
Subrecipient	A subrecipient is a member of the New York City Health Care Coalition (NYC HCC) that is contracted to deliver documents or carry out actions as proof of having supported the NYC HCC's preparedness response and recovery mission, or of having helped other members of the NYC HCC become better prepared or more able to respond to and recover from emergencies affecting healthcare delivery during events and disasters in NYC.
Voucher	The form completed by the subrecipient or contractor indicating the funds they wish to receive for having completed work. (See Invoice.)

# Notes

<sup>i</sup> A subrecipient is a member of the New York City Health Care Coalition (NYC HCC) that is contracted to deliver documents as proof of having supported the NYC HCC's preparedness response and recovery mission, or of having helped other members of the NYC HCC become better prepared or more able to respond to and recover from emergencies affecting healthcare in NYC.

<sup>ii</sup> A contractor supports efforts made by the New York City Health Care Coalition and is funded by the HPP. A contractor is not a member of the NYC HCC.